**Control Valve**

A control valve receives a signal from a controller such as a [PLC](https://realpars.com/plc-hardware/) in order for it to move resulting in a change in flow.

**Control valve operation**

The actuator is the device connected to the valve through the valve stem that provides the force required to move the valve.

The actuator can be controlled electrically, pneumatically, or hydraulically. The most common and the most reliable is the “Pneumatic Actuator”.

The control valve receives a signal from a controller such as a PLC or a [DCS](https://realpars.com/dcs/) in order to operate. The controller compares the actual [flow rate](https://realpars.com/flow-rate/) to the desired flow value called the setpoint. The controller will produce an output to move the valve to bring the flow rate to the setpoint value.

